THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1865. NO. 290.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

THE CITY.

☞ Persons in city and country are requested, at all times, to furnish us verbal or written information of any events of public interest which may transpire in their neighborhoods, or of which they may have knowledge.

MATRIMONIAL.—The "deadly blast" of war having been blown out and "gentle peace," white winged, having smiled upon us, the young people are now turning their attention to "union" matters and rapidly venturing forth upon the sea of matrimony. We hear of several marriages to be solemnized during the coming week, and in one neighborhood—within a block of each other—of three of the prettiest girls in Raleigh who have accepted contracts to sow on buttons, patch pantaloons, grumble with servants or take the cooking themselves. These latter are to do the deed before christmas. They have our best wishes, though they, with others of like inclinations, are not guiltless as causes of the present high prices of bedsteads, feathers, cradles, &c.,—things of the first importance to this paragraphist, who has a house to furnish for himself next year. But we wish them all a life of bliss in spite of this; indeed, we hope they may enjoy a perpetual honeymoon for the remainder of their lives. For

"Marriage, rightly understood,
Gives to the gentle and the good
A Paradise below"

If we could believe in the maxim "the more the merrier," we would counsel all of our friends to try wedlock, which an old song characterizes as "a ticklish thing" We deem it safe at least, to follow in the footsteps of a contemporary and advise them to take this hint and form alliances matrimonial ere the sear and yellow leaf of existence places them beyond the pale of domestic felicity.

LAW AND ORDER TO BE MAINTAINED.—At their meeting night before last, the Board of Commissioners appointed twenty additional policemen, thus giving us a total force of thirty able-bodied citizens.

Every friend of law and order will hail this step as an expression of determination on the part of our municipal legislators to crush out criminals and crime. The gentlemen who comprise the Board have shown themselves thoroughly alive to the interests and reputation of the city. The maintainance at this time of a sound public morality is of the first consequence to our future happiness and quiet as a community. But we contend that simply as a question of local economy—discarding all other considerations—they have acted with true wisdom and foresight. All honor to them for this step, and now we trust the old and new appointees will go energetically to work in estopping the career of great and small rascals.

THE WATCHMAN.—We have been so pressed in our columns by advertisements and other matter, that we have not been able to print, as was our purpose, the prospectus of Rev. Chas. F. Deems' proposed paper, "*The Watchman.*" It will be published in New York at $2 for six months. In the prospectus, the editor says:

"A Home Gazette, a Repertory of all the best current literature, a summary of all important intelligence in every department of human effort, a journal of progress, an advocate of truth in all things, a friend, a guide, a blessing—this is what the Watchman" is intended to become.

The idea of Dr. Deems is a bold one and to realize the expectations he creates as to his enterprise will require much energy and labor; but those who are familiar with his learning and attainments will not doubt his success. We wish him abundant prosperity.

For the present the address of the Editor will be Raleigh.

NEW LICENSE REGULATIONS.—We would call the attention of produce brokers to the following recent decision:

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that where the sales of a produce broker exceed in any license year the sum of ten thousand dollars, and he thus becomes subject to a commercial broker's license, the new license should be dated from the first day of the month in which the liability therefor accrues, upon the payment of the whole proportion of the annual cost of such a license."

Remember this, ye men whom it concerns.

THE MEETING TO DAY.—It is of the first importance to the people—those who range themselves in the same category with the Conservative-Union-non-Holden party—to be present at the meeting for the selection of county candidates for the Legislature. We hope to see the county and city fully represented, so that we may have not only a large turn-out and a general expression of views, but thorough harmony in the wigwam between chiefs and tribes.

RUN OVER.—We are glad to hear that the line of road between this city and Goldsboro has been turned over to the company by the military authorities. We see by advertisement in this issue that the mail train leaves here after Monday next at 5 30 a. m. and arrives at 7.00 p. m. The accommodation train departs at 7.30 p. m., and arrives at 5.30 a. m. That efficient railroader, Superintendent Wilkes, now controls the ribbons.

RETIRED.—We learn from the "Journal of Freedom" of this morning, that Mr. J. Q. A. Crane has terminated his connection with the paper—Mr. E. Brooks continuing to fill the editorial chair as well as becoming the sole proprietor of that establishment. Mr. C. had, from the first, only a business interest in the concern.

It is proper to say the change will cause no interruption in the regular issue of the paper.

SLEEPING INDIVIDUAL.—At the dinner table of the Exchange hotel yesterday, one of the guests asked his vis-a-vis,

"Are you for or against Holden?

It appears that the party questioned lisped very inaptibly, and replied to the Holdenite:

"You can't elect him, and if you do, you can't make a *Worth* man.

ABOLISHED.—The provost marshal of this city, Capt. Purinton, has been relieved from duty and the office abolished. While we are truly glad to chronicle every inch of progress made towards the restoration of the State to civil control, we bear testimony to the efficiency of the retiring officer and to the pleasant relations which have usually subsisted between officers and soldiers of the army and our citizens.

LARGE BALLOON.—A large balloon, coming from a southwesterly direction, passed over the city last night, about 10 o'clock. Time was when such an exhibition would have made us think that Grant or Sherman was up to some mischief. The case is now different and we only wish that the secessionists would give notice of them previous to their occurrence

GO IT.—Mr Edward Baker, a Baltimorean with capital and energy, is in the city, looking around with a view of establishing in this vicinity a broom, bucket and match factory. We hope he may find it not only practicable, but meet with such inducements from property holders as will encourage the undertaking.

STILL ANOTHER.—It will be seen by announcement elsewhere, that Wm. H. High is a candidate for the Sheriffship of this county. There is still room for more and if there are other Richmond's who propose entering the lists, they ought to be trotted out on the course immediately.

ORDERED AWAY.—The 28th Michigan regiment, now on duty here, has been ordered away with the exception of one company doing service at Gen. Ruger's headquarters. This leaves us without any military force, we believe.

ELECTION TICKETS, in any quantity, from one to fifty thousand, can be printed at this office on the shortest possible notice. Price, only one dollar per thousand.

ALL YE FAMILIES, in want of groceries, should remember the auction sale of groceries to day, at Johnson's store on Market square.

Farewell Address of President Reade to the State Convention.

Judge Reade is winning large reputation by the simple and fervid style of eloquence which has marked his speeches before the State Convention. Last Thursday evening, just preceding the proclamation of adjournment, he delivered himself of the following chaste address—an appropriate farewell from the President to the membership of the body over which he presided:

Gentlemen of the Convention: Our work is finished! The breach in our government, so far as the same was by force, has been overcome by force, and so far as the same had the sanction of legislation, that legislation has been declared to be null and void. So that there remains nothing to be done except the withdrawal of military power, when our governmental relations will be restored without further asking on the part of the State, or giving on the part of the United States.

The elements of slavery, which has so long distracted and divided the sections, has, by a unanimous vote, been abolished. Every man in the State is free. The reluctance which for a while was felt to the sudden and radical change in our domestic relations, a reluctance which was made oppressive to us by our own kind feelings for the slave, and by our apprehensions of the evils which were to follow him, has yielded to the determination to be to him as we always have been, his best friend; to advise, protect, educate and elevate him; to seek his confidence and to give him ours; and each occupying appropriate positions toward the other, to cherish for the past and cultivate for the future those strong and mutual attachments which have been hallowed at the hearthstone, in the church, in the sick room, and at the grave.

It remains for us to return to our constituents and engage with them in the great work of restoring our beloved State to order and prosperity.

As long as I remember any thing with pleasure, my heart will beat faster when I reflect, gentlemen, upon your kindness to me. You have honored me with your confidence and excused my imperfections. I have not to remember a single discourtesy. I wish you a safe journey to your affectionate families; that your lives may be useful, honorable and happy; and that God may bless you

SEARCHING AMERICAN BAGGAGE.—The Cork *Herald* gives an account of the process through which the baggage of American travelers in Ireland has to go It says:

"Every species of property, the smallest article of clothing, every book, letter, scrap of paper, however deeply deposited or closely packed in portmanteau, box, case parcel, or pocket, was opened and scrutinized by the officers, under the inspection of the magistrates; the object being, of course, to detect any possible circumstance which might show the owners to be connected with the Fenian conspiracy As will be readily imagined, this proved very annoying to the passengers, and their indignation (especially that of a German gentleman) was great. The search proved abortive; the only article at all objected to being a revolver which one gentleman had with him, and which oftener is than is not among the luggage of American travelers. This weapon was retained, and all the passengers were then allowed to repack their property as best they could and proceed on shore."

"If you can't keep awake in church," said a preacher to one of his hearers, "when you feel drowsy, why don't you take a pinch of snuff?" "I think the snuff should be put into the sermon!" was the shrewd reply.

FINCH & CO.,
AT THEIR WAREHOUSE,
Near the N. C. Depot,
Will furnish Fresh or Salt Fish to the citizens of Raleigh at any hour,
ORDERS SOLICITED.
FRESH FISH at the market on the arrival of the trains. oct 16-tf

PUBLIC MEETING.—The conservative Union men of the county of Wake are requested to meet at the Court House, in Raleigh, at 11 o'clock, on Saturday next, the 21st inst., for the purpose of consultation, with a view to the selection of a ticket for the Legislature, at the election in November next.
oct 16-1w

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District, composed of the Counties of Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsythe, Surry, Person and Caswell

Fellow-Citizens:

In compliance with the wishes of a number of the citizens of the Fifth Congressional District I have consented to place my name before you as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States. This trust, at all times one of great responsibility, is rendered peculiarly so in the present extraordinary juncture of our public affairs.

Just emerged, as we have, from one of the most sanguinary and disastrous wars, which history records, with our constitutional relations to the government not yet entirely restored, the crisis demands the utmost prudence and the most disinterested patriotism, to attain this most desirable result. It is true that the Convention of the State has fully responded to the wishes of the people of the State, and by its action has done every thing in its power towards accomplishing that end, yet it is still subject to the decision of the national authorities.

First in the list of duties inscribed among those that appertain to the representative trust, is to aid, by all honorable means, the complete restoration of the State to those relations with the federal Union, which for near a century, so happily and beneficially subsisted between them. I need not say, that this with me, if honored with your confidence, would be the first and most cherished object of my wishes.

No duty would be so pleasing as to aid in restoring our State to the noble government which Washington and his compatriots of the revolution gave us. Let us then, again, seek to share that great inheritance of which we have for a time been deprived by a most extraordinary infatuation. Let us seek to unite in fraternal bonds with that great family of States which constitutes the greatest and freest government in ancient and modern times. At the same time let us cast the mantle of charity over former differences of opinion, and regard those who differed with us as friends and patriots, who now unite with us in the great work of reconstruction.

In the policy of President JOHNSON, I behold the path of peace, safety and honor, to conduct us through these difficulties. While he stands on national ground, as the partisan of no one section and as equally the friend of all, he is our intrepid defender against the meditated aggressions of revolutionary radicalism. As one, cordially, uniting in his official capacity, in the plans and policy of President JOHNSON, it is only simple justice to Governor HOLDEN, to say, that he has most faithfully and beneficially exerted his authority to that end, and has pursued a course which entitles him to decided public approval.

Impoverished and exhausted, as our State has been, by the results of the late war, it will be peculiarly the duty of those who represent her in the Congress to endeavor to lighten her burthens as much as practicable with respect to taxation, and to obtain from the government such indulgence as can be had with regard to the taxes, for which the State is now subject.

As respects our foreign relations, peace and friendship with all, entangling alliances with none, asking what is right, and submitting to nothing which is wrong, should be the maxims and the policy of our government as they were in the best days of the Republic.

I trust my course for many years past is not altogether unknown, on the question of the Federal Union. In the Senate of the United States, more than thirty years since, in the debate on the force bill, against the nullification ordinance of South Carolina, I declared, in a speech delivered by me on that occasion, that a dissolution of the Union would result in the establishment of a military despotism. Afterwards, when extreme men of the South and North agitated the slave question, as I then and now believe, from mischevious motives, I resisted it, in opposition to both extremes, as tending to a dissolution of the Union In 1860 and '61, when the movement in favor of secession was first made in our Legislature, I was then a member of the State Senate, and made every effort which I was capable of making in opposition to it.

This I continued to do till every Southern State had seceded and the war had commenced, leaving no doubt if North Carolina remained alone that civil war in her borders would be inevitable, and that she would become the battle-ground of both the Confederate and Federal armies. To avoid that calamity, the State, opposed, as she ever had been, to disunion, yielded her own earnest wishes to the pressure of circumstance, and went with her Southern sister States.

I am confident it was done in the hope, by the people, that their patriotic counsels would moderate those of their Southern sisters, and ultimately obtain an adjustment by which the Union would be restored. During the entire war, I have no doubt, if the freedom of opinion had not been suppressed, that North Carolina was, at all times, in favor of an honorable settlement of the question. Such were my own anxious wishes, as I always regarded a dissolution of the Union as bringing with it military despotism and the abolition of slavery. Those who were in power at Richmond, however, pursued a different course, and the result has been such a sacrifice as no people have suffered. The restoration of the Federal Union gives assurance of peace and civil liberty. Disunion is civil war, anarchy, military despotism and all its attendant evils. The re-establishment of the Federal Union nobly vindicates the principles of republican freedom, and proclaims the great principle so much denied by titled orders—that man is capable of self-government.

Such are the views entertained by me on general questions of public policy, briefly and hastily written, amidst public engagements. If it shall be your pleasure to elect me as your representative, I shall regard it as a distinguished mark of public favor, and my best efforts will be directed to the advancement of the public good.

Most respectfully
Your fellow-citizen,
BEDFORD BROWN.
Caswell County, Oct 19 1865.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Oct. 23d, 1865, trains between Raleigh and Goldsboro' will run as follows:

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh	5.30 A. M.
Arrive "	7.00 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	3 30 P. M.
Arrive "	9.00 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION

Leave Raleigh	7.30 P. M.
Arrive "	5 30 A. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	2.30 A. M.
Arrive "	12.00 P. M.

E. WILKES,
oct21tf Eng. and Supt.

NOTICE TO THE MAGISTRATES OF WAKE COUNTY.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE PROCLAMATION OF His Excellency, Gov. Holden, the Magistrates of Wake county are hereby notified to attend a meeting in the Court House, in Wake county, on Saturday, the 28th day of October, for the purpose of appointing inspectors of the polls to hold an election for Governor, Representatives to Congress, members of the Legislature, Sheriff, Clerks, and also the ratification or rejection of the ordinance of the Convention prohibiting slavery, and the ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of secession.
J. P. H. RUSS,
oct 21-tdm Sheriff.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE WM. H HIGH as a Candidate for the Sheriffalty of Wake County. oct21td

GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION!
250,000
WATCHES, CHAINS, DIAMOND RINGS, ETC.,
WORTH OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS!
All to be sold for One Dollar each, without regard to Value!
Not to be Paid for until you Know what you are to Receive!

DURING THE MONTH ENDING MARCH 31ST, 1865, T. & H. Gaughan & Co., have had the honor of distributing among their patrons Six Hundred and Ninety Gold and Silver Watches, at the price of One Dollar each.

Splendid List of Articles!
ALL TO BE SOLD FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH!

250 Solid Silver Dining Sets,	$75 to $300
500 Silver Salvers and Urns,	50 to 250
5 0 Solid Silver Tea Sets, complete	50 to 300
150 Rosewood Musical Boxes, 32 airs,	75 to 250
200 Mahogany do, 24 airs,	50 to 200
250 Gold Hunting Watches,	75 to 250
250 Ladies' Enamelled gold watches,	50 to 200
500 Gents' Hunting silver watches,	35 to 100
500 Open face silver watches,	25 to 50
250 Diamond Rings,	50 to 100
5,600 Photo. Albums, all sizes,	5 to 50
2,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	15 to 30
3,000 Gold Opera Bead Bracelets,	5 to 15
5,000 Chased Gold Bracelets,	6 to 12
2,000 Chatelaine and Guard Chains,	5 to 20
7,000 Solitaire and Revolving Brooches,	5 to 10
2,000 Lava and Florentine do,	4 to 10
5,000 Coral, Opal and Emerald do,	4 to 10
5 000 Mosaic, jet and Lava Eardrops,	4 to 10
7,500 Coral and Emerald do,	3 to 8
5 000 California diamond pins,	5 to 20
5,000 Cat cluster do,	3 to 10
3,000 sets Solitaire buttons and studs,	3 to 10
3,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, etc.,	3 to 8
10,000 Lockets, double glass,	3 to 5
5 000 Lockets for Miniatures,	5 to 10
3,000 Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, etc.,	3 to 8
5,000 Plain Gold Rings,	4 to 10
5,000 Chased do.	4 to 10
10,000 Shield and Signet Rings,	3 to 10
10,000 California Diamond do,	3 to 10
7,500 sets Ladies' Jewelry, jet,	5 to 10
5,000 do do do coral,	8 to 12
5 000 do do do onyx,	10 to 15
5 000 do do do lava,	12 to 20
2,500 do do do mosaic,	20 to 30
10,000 Gold pens with silver holders,	5 to 10
5,000 Gold pens with gold do,	6 to 12
5 000 Gold pens and holders, superior,	10 to 15
5 0 0 Silver goblets and drinking cups,	8 to 10
3,000 Silver castors and wine holders,	15 to 50
2.000 Silver fruit and cake basket,	20 to 50

Messrs. T. & H. Gaughan & Co., No. 116, Broadway, New York, extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of Watches and Jewelry, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a Great Gift distribution, subject to the regulations following:

Certificates naming each article and its value are placed in sealed envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of twenty-five cents.

All articles sold at one dollar each, without regard to value.

On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are going to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for one dollar, and in no case can they get less than one dollar's worth, as there are no blanks. The price of certificates is as follows:—One for 25 cts; five for $1; eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty-five for $10; one hundred for $15.

Agents will be allowed ten cents on every certificate ordered by them, providing their remittance amounts to one dollar Agents will collect 25 cents for every certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.
T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO.
oct18 3m* No. 116 Broadway, N. Y.

JUST RECEIVED
AT
GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.'S,
Fayetteville Street,
A FINE assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c, &c, consisting in part of
Sherry, Port, Madeira, and Rhine WINES; Cognac Catawba and Blackberry BRANDY; Jamaica and St. Croix RUM; Old Rye GIN; Bourbon and Rye WHISKY;
Drake's Plantation, Baker's and Stoughton BITTERS; Ale, Porter, Cider and Congress Water.
Cigars and Tobacco, Oranges and Lemons.
Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Flour, Lard, Butter, Mackerel, Pickles, Soap, Candles, Molasses, and a great variety of fine GROCERIES, Spices, Sago, Tapioca, Prunes, Raisins, Soda, Saleratus, Sardines, &c., &c.
Also, a fine assortment of
Clothing,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
BOOTS AND SHOES.
TOILET SOAP, PERFUMERY, &c., &c.
All of which will be sold very low for cash. Orders from the country filled at short notice.
☞ GIVE US A CALL ☜
GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.,
sept19-tf Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GODSPEED'S STEAMSHIP LINE,
BETWEEN NEW YORK AND
NEWBERN, NORTH CAROLINA.
FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.
The A No. 1 Steamship
ELLEN S. TERRY.
CHAPIN, Master, will sail direct for New York, on Saturday, Oct 21st, at 5½ o'clock.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply at W. H. Oliver & Co's Brick Store, foot of Craven Street. W. H. OLIVER & CO., Agts.
N. B.—The Steamer EL CID will follow the ELLEN S TERRY, and sail from this port at 5½ o'clock on Saturday, Oct. 28th. oct30tf

E. A. WHITAKER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected stock of
Butter, Flour,
Cheese Tea,
Lard Coffee,
Bacon Sugar,
Fish, Molasses,
Wines, Liquors,
Tobacco, Segars,
Spices, Yarns,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
He is constantly receiving consignments of goods from New York and other principal markets and he has excellent facilities for purchasing at the lowest rates all the articles enumerated
His facilities for doing business enables him to offer to city buyers and Country [illegible] INDUCEMENTS
He is determined to sustain the high repute of his house for the
FRESHNESS AND CHEAPNESS
of the articles offered the public, and by fair dealing retain the confidence of trades people in city and country.
In addition to the few articles enumerated, his store is supplied with
EVERY NECESSARY
AS WELL AS THE LUXURIES OF LIFE,
incident to or desirable in housekeeping, and as his motto is
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS,
he respectfully invites an examination from purchasers, large and small. oct 16-tf

IN PRESS:
BY MESSRS. WM. B. SMITH & CO.,
Field & Fireside Publishing House,
58 FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH N. C.
NAMELESS:
BY MRS FANNY MURDAUGH DOWNING.
One volume, 16 mo cloth: Price $2.00.
THIS IS A THRILLING STORY OF HEART LIFE and the fashionable world, and, aside from an absorbing plot artistically interwoven, it abounds in suggestive thought and descriptive passages grand and exquisite in character and finish.
MOSSES FROM A ROLLING STONE:
BY "TENELLA"—MARY BAYARD CLARKE,
Author of "Reminiscences of Cuba" "Wood Notes," Translations of "Marguerite," "Lady Tartuffe," &c.
One volume, 16 mo. cloth: Price $1.25.
Contains complete Poetical writings of the popular author, and is a beautiful setting of all the sparkling diamonds that have been found clinging to the "rolling stone" of a great life as it washed with the ebb and flow of the seething tide of Thought and Imagination.
Liberal deductions to the Trade.
THE CHANGE,
OR
A STATEMENT OF THE REASONS AND FACTS WHICH MADE ME A BAPTIST.
BY REV. T. B KINGSBURY.
One volume, 16 mo. cloth: Price $2.50.
But few writers wield a pen with such consummate skill, grace and vigor as Mr Kingsbury. His book has received the most hearty and earnest critical endorsement of Elders P. E Skinner J D Hufham, editor *Biblical Recorder*, N. B Cobb *Cor Sec N C. Bap. Board of Missions*, and other eminent Divines. "No Baptist family should be without it. No opponent of the Baptist should fail to read it."
*** Editors inserting the advertisement of either or all of these books, with this notice, will receive a copy or copies of each accordingly.
oct11-tf

LADY'S OWN STORE,
T R. FENTRISS' OLD STAND,
No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N C.
MESSRS. BOWEN & RANDALL at the above named place, announce to the public that they have just received the
Largest and Cheapest
AND BEST SELECTED
STOCK OF DRY GOODS
ever offered to retail traders in the city of Raleigh, consisting of
DRY GOODS,
LADIES DRESS GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
Boots and Shoes,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,
including everything that a LADY can wish for, from
Toilet Articles up to a Silk Dress.
These goods were purchased during the recent fall of prices in Northern markets and consequently will be sold cheap.
They were selected with special reference to the Fall and Winter trade of this section.
Servants or children sent to the store with orders will receive the fairest treatment.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
It Costs Nothing to Look at our Stock!!
Polite and attentive clerks are always on hand to wait on customers. oct 17 1m

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST!
WEBSTER'S SPELLERS. PRICE 25 CENTS
At the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE,
(next to the old city Post Office.)
oct 11 tf Fayetteville street.

NOVELS
BY ALL THE POPULAR AUTHORS, BOUND AND unbound editions, at the
FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE,
oct 11-tf 58 Fayetteville street.

WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS!
WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS!!
WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS!!!
At the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE,
oct 11-tf 58 Fayetteville street.

SCHOOL BOOKS
OF ALL GRADES AND KINDS AT THE
oct 11 tf FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE.

Dental Notice.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of practice.
aug16-4m* J. H. CRAWFORD.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1865.

NATIONAL UNION ANDREW JOHNSON TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

OF WAKE COUNTY.

Election Thursday, 9th November, 1865.

FOR CONGRESS:

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,

COL. J. P. H. RUSS,

OF WAKE COUNTY.

"Every dollar of the debt created to aid the rebellion against the United States should be repudiated finally and forever."—ANDREW JOHNSON TO GOV. HOLDEN.

Jonathan Worth, and the "Sentinel," the organ of the disaffected faction that brought him forward for Governor, are in favor of taxing the people to pay the rebel State debt.

Adjournment of the State Convention.

The State Convention adjourned on Tuesday night, after passing an ordinance repudiating the rebel State debt. We have no time or space for a critical review of its doings, but, upon the whole, we are disposed to think the body has done well. There were some factious spirits in it, but they were small in number and powerless for harm. Judge Reade, the President, presided with dignity and efficiency, and delivered a feeling and appropriate address to the body before announcing the adjournment.

The worst feature in the whole session, in our opinion, was the refusal to adjourn *sine die*. We can see no earthly business to call the body back here on the fourth Monday in May.

The Rebel State Debt Disposed Of.

Notwithstanding the copperheads, the disaffected, and their organs, the State Convention has finally, and forever, disposed of the rebel State debt, and those gentlemen, speculators and shylocks, that acquired wealth, as they supposed, by the misfortunes of the country, and piled up State bonds, may whistle for their payment. They bet their "pile" on the Confederacy and lost, and it is nothing but right they should lose.

We consider the repudiation of this bogus debt an individual triumph, because the *Progress* was the first paper in the State to take ground against the payment of it, and, in addition, we stumped this county on the issue. The people of Wake, for reasons which might not interest persons at a distance, did not endorse our position on the rebel debt, but the Convention has. And this ordinance not only kills State bonds but it kills County bonds also. The Convention, in this matter, has done exactly what we insisted ought to be done, and we rejoice. The following is the ordinance:

AN ORDINANCE

Recognizing the just debts of North Carolina and prohibiting the payment of all public debts created or incurred in aid of the late rebellion.

1. Be it enacted and ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina, in convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That it shall be the duty of the General Assembly of the State, as soon as is practicable, to provide for the payment of all debts and obligations created or incurred by the State, otherwise than in aid of the late rebellion.

2. Be it further declared and ordained, That all debts and obligations created or incurred by the State, in aid of the late rebellion, directly or indirectly, are void, and no General Assembly of this State shall have power to assume or provide for the payment of the same or any portion thereof, nor shall any General Assembly of this State have power to assume or provide for the payment of any portion of the debts or obligations created or incurred, directly or indirectly, by the late so called Confederate States, or by its agents or under its authority.

Guns Spiked.

The North Carolina State Convention has unanimously endorsed the administrations of Gov. Holden and President Johnson. Not a dissenting voice! Hear it, O ye *Confederates*, who were manœuvering and corresponding for weeks before the Convention assembled, to get up opposition and division in the State! On the 18th, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved by the Delegates of the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, That the administration of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, has been eminently national and conservative, embracing every section of this Republic; and that he is entitled to the gratitude of the people of this State for the manifestation of his purpose to secure to them at as early a day as is practicable, the restoration of their constitutional rights in the Union; and that W. W Holden, Provisional Governor, deserves our thanks for his zealous and faithful labors to the same end.

Resolved, That copies of the above resolution be transmitted by the President of this Convention to President Johnson and Governor Holden.

And yet the copperheads in the Convention, with their organ, the *Sentinel*, have brought out an opposition to the very man they have endorsed. But it is plain to see that it is the old aristocracy and secession element in the State, making one last desperate struggle for political power; and we doubt not but it will be their last. Gov. Holden will be elected by an immense majority, for however loyal and conservative Mr. Worth may be, the fact that all the secessionists and disaffected in the State are for him will concentrate the loyal vote upon Gov. Holden.

THE THIRD DISTRICT.—Two candidates are announced for this District, Hon. T. C. Fuller and A. R. McDonald, Esq. They are both worthy gentlemen. Mr. McDonald is known to be a warm and decided friend to Gov. Holden.

To the People of the Seventh Congressional District of North Carolina.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Circumstances having rendered it obligatory upon me to become a candidate to represent the people of this district in the next Congress of the United States, and the people having so little time for reflection before the election, I deem it just to the people and myself that I should acquaint them, to some extent, with my principles and the course that I pursued before and during the late war, &c. In doing this it is necessary that I should be as expeditious as possible and to the point.

I have only to refer those who read the paper published in my place, (Hendersonville,) *The Pressage*, of which I was one of the Editors previous to the war, editorials of which will set me right up to the date of secession; after which the title of the paper was changed to "The Henderson *Times*," and in which many articles appeared over the signature of "Vigilo," "Vigilax," "Video," &c., written against secession and certain characters advocating the same. These articles were written the first and second year of the war, and brought down an avalanche of curses and abuse upon the paper and the author of said articles. Finally, the printing office was mobbed and the name of the author of said articles extorted from Mr. Deadman, the publisher of the paper, by force of arms. I was the writer of the articles, and at once became the object of scorn and derision, and finally, my life being imperilled one or two things had to be done: leave the country, or fight against my honest convictions and conscientious principles.

I chose to leave, but was pursued, arrested in East Tennessee, bound with a rope, and carried to Asheville jail, within six miles of where I was born and raised. There I was hand cuffed and sent to camp Vance, and after several weeks of confinement, then I was sent to the prison pens of camp Holmes, near Raleigh. Some weeks afterwards, I was sent to the barracks at Richmond, Va. The conscript law including all under forty-five by this time, took me in. I was sent directly to the regular army and kept under guard until from exposure I was prostrated and sent to hospital, where I remained from January until July following, and as soon as I was well able to get about, was re-arrested and carried before the Provost Marshal at Richmond, where several private letters that I had written to some of my friends at home, containing my sentiments, were presented to me. I acknowledged to writing the letters, remarking that they were private letters and not intended for the public eye. These letters had been forcibly taken from my friends. I was also shown some articles, published in the Henderson *Times*, written by one Dr. Levi Love. Any one who read the paper will not fail to remember the articles about the great tory Dock Jones. Two direct questions were then put to me. The first was, "Did you vote for Holden?" Answer, "No, I did not, but would have done so had I been able to be at the polls." The second question was, "Are you not a Union man?" Answer, "I have always been a constitutional Union man." I was then committed and incarcerated in Castle Thunder prison, apartment No. 10, starved and eaten by vermin for near four months, during a month of which time I was conscious of but little that was passing.

After procuring all the information they could get in regard to my antecedents as a Union man, and my trip to Tennessee, I was sent to the regiment to which they had previously assigned me, with a bundle of papers as thick as my hand, for the purpose of trying me before a *Drum Head* court martial. I had solemnly resolved on leaving Castle Thunder, to make my escape or perish in the attempt. I succeeded in eluding the guard at New Market, in the valley of Northern Virginia, and after twelve days and nights dragging through the snow, over mountains and cliffs, living most of the time on raw corn, I succeeded in reaching the Baltimore and Ohio rail road at Green Springs, Maryland, badly frost bitten, the 29th November, 1864.

From Cincinnatti, Ohio, I addressed a letter to the Secretary of War, and being able to give him undoubted reference as to my loyalty to the United States, I was granted the privilege of going anywhere I chose.

I have thus given an out line of my history during the war, in order to remove any doubts that might exist in the minds of those who are unacquainted with the circumstances. Most assuredly there is no man in the State that has suffered more than myself for opinion's sake.

I reached my home in May last, and my most bitter enemies were made to say, "Jones must be the most merciful man on earth, after being treated as he has, to come home and plead for those who would, at one time, have taken his life, is more than the most of men would do." I have always been an advocate of peace, law and order. Had I pursued the course towards my persecutors, when I had the power, that they did when they had the power, I would have been as guilty of tyranny and usurpation as they were, but would have had a much better reason. I am not in favor of retaliation and proscription, except at the ballot box. In the language of the poet, I would say,

"While the lamp holds out to burn,
The vilest sinner may return."

"We are on our way home." The old ship is still afloat; at the top of her mainmast still floats the stars and stripes. "May they ever wave." A helmsman stands upon her quarter deck that will steer her clear of breakers—a mighty crew is on board, reaching forth their arms and bidding us to get on board—and I think if the father of his country and the sacred dead of Yorktown, Cow Pens, Kings Mountain, Bunker Hill, and many other places, could rise, they would bid us go on board that same old ship which they built and launched for us, called the Constitution and the Union. Then, fellow-citizens, shall we not get on board? Shall we not "go home?" If this is your desire, elect a man to Congress who can take the oath required; take his seat, and thereby aid you in having the good old North State to "go home,"—restored to her wanted place in the Union. The Union is our only hope for future prosperity.

The State convention has passed an ordinance abolishing slavery by a unanimous vote, and when ratified by the people, as I have no doubt it will be, then this will be the white man's government. I think the negro should be colonized and sent from among us, for many reasons, at the earliest practicable period.

In principle, I am a phebian, and desire to live in and maintain a government where the most humble citizen and his children, through their industry, integrity and merit, may raise their heads above the beating waves and share an equal chance, when qualified, to stand at the helm of State, in official positions; and I would stamp with political infamy all such tyrannies and usurpations as produced the war from which our beloved country has just emerged.

In order to carry out these principles, in my opinion, we should sustain President Johnson and Governor Holden in their efforts in restoring the Union and the State to law, order and prosperity.

Gov. Holden is untiring in his efforts to effect this much desired end, and in my opinion, there is no man in the State better qualified or more anxious to restore to the people these great blessings.

Down with the men who were going to drink all the blood that would be spilt in certain contingencies, which contingencies did occur, and yet they did not drink the blood. Down with the leaders who made a long list of promises to the people, if they should secede, and not one single item in the whole catalogue has ever come to pass, nor never will.

Can the people trust men who have been the instruments of their ruin; who have laid waste and desolated the country, and swept from the land hundreds of thousands of our best men, who now fill premature graves? No, never. What judgment or what corruption; and either case, they are not to be trusted, especially where they persisted to the bitter end in such a suicidal policy.

If the people follow these leaders; these willow-whisper, these jack-o'-lantern-ers, they will again be led into the bogs and marshes from which they cannot extricate themselves for years to come. The people cannot be too careful in selecting men who are and always have been right, though they may have at some period differed with them.

Actions speak louder than words, and it is impossible to judge men, at all times, alone by what they say. It requires some act to cast their loyalties. That act I have performed, though it has been urged as an objection to me that I fled from my native section. That is the very act that put the seal to my devotion to the government of our fathers. Thousands done the same thing, and thousands more would have done so under the same circumstances. The President of the United States fled from his native section.

I know of only one other objection that has been raised against me, and that was by a gentleman at the bar—a legal gentleman. He took the ground that I lacked legal knowledge. Well, I frankly confess that I am not a lawyer, but I cannot see why this should be raised as an objection, for with the exception of the preachers, I know of no class who had more to do with bringing on the late war. Of course there are honorable exceptions in both classes. Why, the most eminent statesmen that America has ever produced were not lawyers. George Washington, the surveyor, was not a lawyer. President Johnson, the tailor, has never been a lawyer. Our present most excellent Governor, W. W. Holden, the printer, is not a lawyer. It matters not what a man's profession or trade may be, all have an equal right to aspire to positions of trust—farmers, doctors, printers, merchants, mechanics and lawyers—and I am now exercising that right by placing my name before the people, who are the jury in the case, and to whose decision I will cheerfully submit, believing, as I do, that the people will always do right when untrammelled.

The people of Henderson and Transylvania counties thought I had the right to go to the State Convention by electing me nearly eleven votes to one over my opponent, in which convention I have endeavored to do my whole duty. Let the Union men, like a band of brothers, stand shoulder to shoulder in the coming elections, and all will be well. Beware of caucusses, long harangues, loud speeches and wire workers, for there are those who will endeavor to throw fire-brands into our ranks and make dissensions among the people. Such men have openly avowed that they would prefer to live under England or France rather than the United States, and many of their character are disguising themselves under the garb of Union men, in order that they may again deceive the people. The idea that man is not capable of self-government has proved false, and the great principles of republicanism and popular government should be sustained in all their bearings. To this end, it is to be hoped there will be no divisions in the conservative ranks.

In conclusion, let me say there are but few men who can take the oath required by the authorities at Washington City, and this is one of the reasons why my name comes before the people for Congress. While in convention, at Raleigh, written and printed letters were received from Washington, stating that the oath would not be modified, and with advice from President Johnson to send such as had remained loyal through the rebellion. After advising with members of the convention, I determined, the circumstances all considered, to announce my name, believing that it is highly important for the interest of the people that they be represented in the next Congress.

The time being so short as to render it impossible to canvass the District, I have taken this method of proclaiming my candidacy, in order to secure some unanimity among the people, and having been stripped of all my means, and thrown out of business, there is no man that will feel more grateful to the people for their support than myself; and if elected, I will use every exertion to the utmost of my ability to promote the interests of the whole Union.

Let the people in every county, go to the polls and vote for men in the different departments in the coming elections, who are true to the Union.

A. H. JONES.

P. S. Please to read and circulate as much as possible.

LEADERS of the present *Confederate* party, who snivelled and scraped at the feet of Gov. Holden when confiscation threatened, and when amnesty and pardons were wanted, are now the bitter revilers of the Governor, and many of them the uncompromising enemies of what they were pleased to term, in Confederate times, the "yankee government." It is the negro aristocracy still struggling for supremacy and power, and if they find themselves capable of crushing Gov Holden, their attention will then be turned to President Johnson, for they hate the latter, really, quite as bad as they do the former, and frequently sneeringly refer to his humble origin and plebian blood. The secession leaders have lost the niggers and robbed men of their property, but they want to save the "blood."

"FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE," issued from the *Sentinel* office, in this city, will shine none the less brightly for being on yellow paper. Let all loyal men remember the "yaller" ticket dodge of the summer of 1864, by which the rod was held over poor soldiers, and spurn, spit upon and trample under foot these "facts for the people." They were gotten up, put forth, and are circulated by those who, in 1863, sent forth a circular in which they arrogantly called themselves "patriots and property holders." All the old dodges of the "patriots and property holders" will be renewed in the present effort to restore the disaffected to power, and we appeal to the people to be on their guard against them.

PANIC-STRICKEN.—The *Standard* is evidently affrighted—panic-stricken. It pours out its bile as it was wont in former days. Abuse, falsehood and vituperation have been its resource always. Let it do its worst. The people of North Carolina understand it. That is enough.—*Sentinel*.

Is the above meant to apply to the *Standard* in 1862, when the present editor of the *Sentinel* was employed in that office and contributed to the columns of that paper? We only ask for information

Col. J. C. Edwards announces himself as a candidate for Congress in this the 4th district. We regret this, as two gentlemen, both friends of Gov. Holden, running in the same district, will only distract and divide loyal voters. We have no personal or political objection to Col. Edwards, but we shall do all we can to procure the election of Col. Russ.

The Newbern *Times* of the 19th, hoists the name of W. W Holden for Governor, and says:

It will be [illegible] Governor in this [illegible] first civil Governor of North Carolina. [illegible] proper authority.

A day or two since, we took occasion to speak of Gov. Holden in connection with this position, and tried to give our views upon the propriety of electing him at the coming election. At that time, while we indulged the hope that he would be a candidate, there were no data upon which we could positively rely that such would be the case.

The claims of Gov. Holden to the position of Chief Magistrate of North Carolina are based upon ability, integrity, and *right*. No one will deny that his mental capacity is equal to the duties which will devolve upon that high officer. His capacity, aided by a spirit of magnanimity which is scarcely equalled, has guided the State through the transition era of a conquered people. His comprehensive mind has seen and provided for the critical questions which were incidental to that era, and which might have borne with weighty injury upon an unfortunate class of our people had he not averted them by rare foresight. His integrity of purpose no one will dare attack. It is manifest in his whole course. The man who had the moral courage to run for Governor of a State whose population were known to entertain sentiments widely at variance with his own—at a time, too, when it was dangerous for one to express views hostile to the ruling dogma, must have something beyond ordinary integrity of principle to sustain him. Gov. Holden did this, and knew at the time that he would be defeated. But he was backed up by what he considered a rectitude of purpose, and he was willing to fight the odds in defence of what we deemed a sacred principle.

In approaching the question of *right*, we feel the weight of the undertaking, but fearlessly assert that his claims are based upon right.

1st. Because he has brought the State to its present favorable condition for the operations of President Johnson's reconstruction policy. He has borne the contumely of the radical revolutionists of the North for his extreme efforts in procuring pardons for those who fell within the exceptions of the amnesty proclamation, and of the radical secessionists South who were opposed to his Union proclivities at the very time he was laboring for their interests. An officer who spends his official and private hours in working for the benefit of his people, has the *right* to the support of that people.

2d. Because the policy of Governor HOLDEN is in strict consonance with the policy of the President of the United States, in its reference to the admission of North Carolina to equal rights in the Union. His policy has been the rule of the State during her provisional existence, and must continue to be so until she is disenthralled entirely. This can be said of no other man before the people now or likely to be. It must be remembered that we are still in the "chrysalis" state, and the Government of the United States must have evidences of a desire on our part to be at peace. It is therefore right that one in whom the administration reposes unlimited confidence—who possesses, in addition, every requisite qualification, should be selected by the people.

The Wilmington *Herald*, of the 18th, says:

It seems to be admitted on all hands that it is the duty of the people of North Carolina to elect W. W. Holden the first governor under the revised constitution. The significance of such an election would, of course, be enhanced by a unanimous election; but were opposition to present itself it would be blown away like chaff before the wind, so powerful is the hold the provisional governor has on the people, especially throughout the central and western portion of the State.

And this powerful and almost unanimous demonstration of popular sentiment toward the agent of the general government in the work of restoration, is but a tribute to the loyalty of the people to that general government. Mr. Holden, as provisional governor, is but the representative in this State of the President of the United States. His acts have been virtually the acts of the President. The policy that has been pursued in reviving a State government has been the President's policy. Whatever has been accomplished has been so accomplished under the advice and by the sanction of the President.

We believe that, were Andrew Johnson to come before the people of North Carolina to day for re-election, he would receive the unanimous vote of the State. But he cannot so come before the people, nor can they so testify their appreciation of him. But his agent—the man through whom he has acted—will come before the people in a short time for their suffrages. It will then be determined whether we are right in our conjectures of the immense popularity of the President. For in the gubernatorial election the only issue involved will be the endorsement of the President's policy. Every vote that shall be cast for Mr. Holden will be a vote of approval of the President's policy, and will be so considered in Washington. Every vote against Mr. Holden will be a vote of disapproval of the President's policy and will receive that interpretation. These are features of the election that it will be well for the people to study and keep in mind.

We have already announced that Lewis Hanes, Esq., had declared himself a candidate for Congress in the 5th district. The Salisbury *Banner* is pretty severe on that gentleman. That paper says:

Lewis Hanes, Esq., of Davidson has announced himself a candidate to represent the people of the fifth district in the United States Congress. Mr. Hanes is the author of the celebrated letters, published in the Standard in the summer of 1863, under the signature of "Davidson." He is a gentleman of talent and of some legislative capacity, but he announces his purpose to vote for Jonathan Worth, Esq., for Governor, which is a bad mark. His resolution savors of a personal pique or prejudice, that we do not admire. We do not like to see a man forsake his old friends and counselors at the eleventh hour. It is Robinson Crusoe's man Friday upbraiding him for sparing his life.

Closing Sales

OF

HORSES, MULES, WAGONS, HARNESS, &C.,

IN THE

DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Department of North Carolina,
Raleigh, Oct. 17th, 1865.

THE HORSES, MULES, WAGONS, HARNESS, &c., the property of the United States, remaining in the State of North Carolina, and not required for the public service, will be sold at public auction at the times and places named below—sale at each place to continue from day to day, after the date specified, until all the public animals, &c., for sale, are disposed of, viz:

At NEWBERN, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. Day, A. Q. M., sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

At CHATLOTTE, commencing Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1865.

At WILMINGTON, commencing Tuesday, Nov. 7, 1865.

At NEWBERN, commencing Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1865.

At RALEIGH, commencing Tuesday, Nov. 21, 1865.

The animals will be found to be generally of superior quality. The mules are selected and serviceable.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Terms—Cash, in United States currency.

By order of Col. J. P. Boyd, Chief Quartermaster.

D. W. H. DAY,
Capt. and Ass't Q. M.

oct18td

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HILLSBORO' STREET.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS popular Hotel, situated on the finest street in the beautiful "City of Oaks," has already earned the reputation, under the management of its experienced Proprietors, of being the best Hotel in the South. It is located within a few yards of the State Capitol, and is near the business part of the city.

If pleasant and clean beds, a liberal table and respectful and attentive servants will make guests comfortable, these can be counted on at the Exchange Hotel.

RANDALL & CO.,
sept12-tf Proprietors.

JARRATT'S HOTEL,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

(TERMINUS OF WELDON RAILROAD.)

PLATT & SIMMONS, Proprietors.

JAS. H. PLATT, JR., aug7 3m GEO. C. SIMMONS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JEWELRY, WATCH REPAIRING

—AND—

ENGRAVING.

H. MAHLER,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

HAS REOPENED HIS STORE ON FAYETTEVILLE street, opposite the City Hall, and having laid in a good stock of materials will continue to manufacture all articles in his line, and will keep on hand an assortment of

JEWELRY AND WATCHES.

He has secured the services of MR. GILLEKEN,

A SUPERIOR WATCHMAKER,

Whose experience in Europe and the principal cities of the North gives a guarantee that all work entrusted to his care will be executed with skill and perfection.

Every description of

ENGRAVING,

Court, Lodge, Business Seals, &c., made to order.

All kinds of Jewelry repaired, and highest prices paid for old gold and silver.

Grateful to the public for the confidence reposed in him, he hopes to merit a continuance of its favor.

Oct 7-3m H. MAHLER.

FAMILY DYE COLORS,

Patented Oct 13, 1863.

Black.
Black for Silk.
Dark Blue.
Light Blue.
French Blue.
Claret Brown.
Dark Brown.
Light Brown.
Snuff Brown.
Cherry.
Crimson.
Dark Drab.
Light Drab.
Fawn Drab.
Light Fawn Drab.
Dark Green.
Light Green.
Magenta.
Maize.
Maroon.
Orange.
Pink.
Purple.
Royal Purple.
Salmon.
Scarlet.
Slate.
Solferino.
Violet.
Yellow.

For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods, Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets Hats, Feathers, Children's Clothing, and all kinds of wearing apparel

A SAVING OF 80 PER CENT.

For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same dye. The process is simple, and any one can use the Dye with perfect success. Directions in English, French and German, inside of each package.

HOWE & STEVENS,
260 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally
Oct9 6m

MRS. FANNY KRAMER,

Wilmington street, Raleigh, N. C.,

HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM THE NORTHERN Cities, where she selected a fine large stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Notions, and so on.

I would respectfully invite my customers and friends to call and examine my stock of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

consisting of Calico, DeLaine, Alpacca, French Merino, Poplin, Bombazine, and a good many other Goods too numerous to mention.

Clothing.

Full Cassimere Suits for men and youths; Dress Coats, Overcoats and Shawls.

Boots and Shoes

for Ladies, Misses and Children; also, Men's and Boy's Boots and Shoes, of all sizes and qualities.

Hats

Fine Ladies Hats and Bonnets, and all sorts of Men's and Boy's Hats.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Linen, Woolen and Cotton Shirts, Handkerchiefs, &c.

Ladies' Cloaks:

Broadcloth, Cassimirett and Silk.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, and a full assorted stock of NOTIONS of all description.

I flatter myself that I have as nice and as fine a stock of goods in general as any in the city, and am willing to sell at the lowest possible cash prices.

sept27 3m FANNY KRAMER.

RALEIGH

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity that they have just opened a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, of the latest Styles, and assure their friends and customers that they will sell them at very small profits. Gentlemen would do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing their outfits.

A. KLINE & CO.

Oct9-tf

A. M'LACKLAN,

WITH

JAMES S. STEVENSON & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, and Choice

Selections of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Having got the Clothing from a first class house in New York, to my own order, I will be pleased to see my numerous friends at the 2 Stores, corner of Broad and Middle Streets, Newbern, N. C. Oct 2-3m

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!

NEW YORK DAILIES

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All the Popular Periodical Literature of the Day at

THE RALEIGH NEWS AGENTS DEPOT

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

I. EDWIN WEST.

ly 15-tf Agent.

RECEIVED, OCTOBER 10TH,

100,000 PRINTERS' CARDS,

10,000 Visiting Cards,

100 doz. Webster's Spellers,

144 doz. Rubber Headed Pencils,

12 doz. Arnold's Pens,

6 doz. " Quarts,

6 doz. Mackey's Masonic Jurisprudence,

12 doz. Fine Inks, assorted, at the

FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE,

oct18tf 58 Fayetteville street.

WOOD, WOOD.

THE subscriber wishes to contract for furnishing 300 or 400 cords of oak and hickory wood. Offers can be found at the Progress office.

sept29-tf W. H. SPENCER.

DAILY PROGRESS.
SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1865.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the PROGRESS in their several localities; and they will receive and transmit subscriptions and advertisements at our published rates:

James K. Woods, Oxford, N. C.
Vestal & McKenzie, Times office, Newbern, N. C.
J. S. Whitaker, Goldsboro', N. C.
T. S. Whitaker, Wilmington, N. C.
Moses A. Smith, Salisbury.
M. R. Brown, New Hill, Wake county, N. C.
S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can send money by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

FARRISS' COLUMN.

I. X. L

C. M. FARRISS

Has just returned from the North with a New Stock of

FALL GOODS

Selected Expressly for this Market.

Consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!
CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.
SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!
ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES,
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

[illegible] in the very best style by C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter, Mr. GRIFFITH.

[illegible]ITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order at [illegible]ortest notice, and in the very best manner.

What you do not see in my store, order and you [h]ave it in the quickest possible time.

JUST IN,

[A] LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF [illegible] CLOTH AND DOE SKIN CASSIMERES.

Oct 7-tf C. M. FARRISS.

[N]OTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

[In] 1846, the writer embarked in the Drug [business in] the city of Philadelphia, and while thus en[gaged made] several experiments in regard to the most [efficient mo]de of preparing Fluid Extracts. My efforts [were succ]essful—the articles being approved and used [by the med]ical faculty—I was desirous of placing them [before the p]ublic, but hesitated for some time before [I could] resort to newspaper advertising, knowing [the prejud]ices that existed in the minds of many [against] advertised *Medicines or Nostrums*, but [by the a]dvice of friends and those who had used [them, my obje]ction was overcome. [illegible]rs' exertions, commencing in a small way, [the sale] of my articles has extended to all parts [of the United] States, and widely throughout foreign [countries, and] this in the face of much opposition.—[illegible] been resorted to by unprincipled deal[ers illegible] merit and success have been known—such [illegible]rge bottles at less price, censuring all [illegible]one, and even copying my advertisements [illegible] happy to state that out of the many who [illegible] to this, none have been successful.

MY OBJECT

[illegible] is to make facts known to the public and [d]ealers, believing, after so many years' ex[perience] the Druggists will discountenance such [illegible] and that the reputation of my articles may [be injur]ed by the use of inferior or spurious ones. [As I know th]at many may read this article who are un[acquainted] with me, I append a few remarks from those [of this] city, and whose names are known in all [the] world:

[I am p]ersonally acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helm[bold, and it affor]ds me pleasure in stating I have been most [im]pressed with his energy and integrity, and [wish] his success." WM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

[From the] *Evening Bulletin, Philadelphia.*]

[On] a visit to the city of New York, a few days [ago, we were i]nduced to call on our old friend and towns[man, H.] T. Helmbold, Druggist, 594 Broadway, N[. Y. His store] is a model—a perfect gem—the handsom[est] [illegible]d we have ever had the pleasure of view[ing. It is e]xtensive, being 34 feet front, five stories in [height, and o]ver 200 feet deep. It indeed affords us [pleasure] to know that he has been so successful [illegible] evidence of the merits of his articles—as [in our b]usiness experience we have not known of [m]any articles without merit—advertising [illegible]g the name before the people."

[*Boston Herald.*]

[We dis]like to advertise worthless wares, or ar[illegible] to deceive our readers; and when we [see a man] like Mr. Helmbold, whom we have [known to] gradually extend his advertising from [illegible] till he becomes the largest advertiser in [illegible], we are satisfied that the statements [of his] articles must be correct."

[illegible]stantly inserts the above, and would [illegible] not a stranger to many; and concludes [illegible] of his articles, and the diseases for [illegible] used by many thousands with com[illegible]

[ADV]ERTISEMENT.]

[HELMBOLD']S EXTRACT BUCHU

[illegible] the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures [illegible] Back, Strictures, &c; Cures [illegible] Memory, Trembling, Dimness of [illegible]

[HELMBOLD'S FL]UID EXTRACT BUCHU

[illegible] a weak tea or infusion. Is the [illegible] complaints incident to Females. [illegible] circular.

[HELMBOLD'S FLUI]D EXTRACT BUCHU,

[illegible] Swellings existing in Men. [illegible] all diseases requiring the [illegible] Tonic and Diuretic [illegible] in taste and odor, and [illegible]

[HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTR]ACT SARSAPARILLA,

[illegible] CONCENTRATED.

[illegible] to one gallon of the [illegible]

[illegible] immediately, expel[ling illegible]OD, and [illegible] COMPLEXION!

[illegible] the dose is ex[illegible] is used in the United [illegible] Sanitary Institutions [illegible]

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

[illegible]

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

P. F. PESCUD, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

sept21 tf

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Original and Best in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also, REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

aug14-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

COLGATE & CO.

Beg to inform their customers that they still continue the manufacture of their various styles of Family and Toilet Soaps, Starch, and Candles.

COLGATE & CO.,

y31-3m Nos. 53 & 55 John St., New York.

Rags! Rags!!—Two cents a pound will be paid for clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities, at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

PHOTOGRAPH

—AND—

FINE ART GALLERY.

The subscriber would very respectfully inform the citizens of North Carolina that he has opened a first class

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

in the City of Raleigh, on Main street, at Hunt's old stand, where he is prepared to execute all kinds of

PICTURES

known in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size portrait in oil.

Persons at a distance having pictures of any description may send and have them photographed to any size, and colored in oil or water colors, by sending color of hair, complexion, &c.

ALL WORK WARRENTED

to give satisfaction and to be as good as any made anywhere. The subscriber is determined that the citizens of North Carolina shall have no excuse or disposition to send work, in his line, out of the State. A call is solicited, whether pictures are desired or not, over Mr. Grausman's store, Main street.

Oct 4 3m J. W. WATSON.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WE INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF PURchasers to our large and interesting stock of

MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE,

Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hallow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel,
Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns
Oils,
Paints,
Varnishes,
and
Brushes.
Also

FAMILY GROCERIES.

In fact for anything in the

HOUSE KEEPING LINE

Call at 44 Fayetteville Street.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
Oct 5 tf With Hart & Lewis

THE RALEIGH

NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENT

AUTHORISED SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1865.

DIRECTORS.

Geo. W. Swepson, President. C. P. Mendenhall
Jos. S. Cannon, Vice President, J. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, Cashier.

THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANsaction of Banking Business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and Local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposits received and careful attention paid to the Accounts of Business Men and Firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina.

oct12 1y

J. Q. A. BARHAM. W. K. BARHAM.

NEW FIRM.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED THEMselves for the purpose of establishing in Raleigh an

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE

and General Agency for selling and buying property of all kinds, collecting claims, and transacting all sorts of business.

One of the firm being a practicing lawyer, we are prepared to give legal advice, examine and adjust titles, draw conveyances, and attend to professional business generally, both in and out of the courts.

The name of the firm is BARHAM BROTHERS.

Oct 5-tf Office two doors above Progress Office.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

WE HAVE [illegible] large Auction Rooms, where we will receive Goods and have weekly auctions. Merchants and others having remnants and packages of goods they [illegible] to realize on AT ONCE, would do well to put them in our hands.

[illegible] WILLIAMSON & CO.,
sept27-tf Com. Merchants & Auctioneers.

McCOMBIE & CHILD,

Commission Merchants,

No. 11 [illegible]

Liberal advances [illegible]

[illegible] Agent,

sept13-3m [illegible]

C. M. Delamar & Co.,

[illegible]

GENERAL COMMISSION

and

Shipping Merchants,

174 Front Street, NEW YORK.

Solicit consignments of COTTON, TOBACCO, ROSIN [illegible]

On which [illegible] advances [illegible] returns.

aug8-3m

[illegible]

[illegible] N. Y.

[illegible]

REFERENCES:

[illegible]

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.

The Great Invention of the Age in

Hoop Skirts.

J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION CONSISTS OF DUPLEX (OR two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break, like the single springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any single spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all other.

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the single yarn covering which is used on all single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Proprietors of the Invention, and sole manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America and the West Indies.

Inquire for the Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt. May 10-tf

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,

79 Pearl Street, New York.

Orders solicited for the Purchase of Goods.

[Ge]o. W. Swepson, New York City.
Sam'l G. Murphy, New York City.
Jesse P. [Mend]enhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Thomas J. Sumner, Company's Shops, N. C.
Dan'l Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River P. O., N. C.

*** Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

je 27 6m

READ BROTHERS & CO.,

STRAW GOODS, HATS, CAPS, Etc.

—:o:—

380 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

W. S. SYMMES

June 1-6m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

J. VENABLE. T. D. WILLIAMSON. LUCIUS GREEN.

J. E. VENABLE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, COTTON, WHEAT, &C.,

AND FOR THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF

Country Produce.

Also Agents for the sale of the celebrated brand CAROLINA BELLE SCOTCH SNUFF, No. 8 Iron Front Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA.

Will give strict attention to the purchase of Goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on produce in hand.

sept20-3m

ROBT. A. MARTIN. ROBT. TANNAHILL.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

129 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.,

Will give prompt personal attention to the sale of TOBACCO, COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR, BACON, &C.

And respectfully solicit consignments from their old friends and the public generally.

We also FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS on the most favorable cash terms. aug7-3m

[illegible] FARSLEY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

IMPORTERS OF SUGAR, COFFEE AND MOLASSES,

No. 8 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care. Consignments of raw cotton, cotton yarns, domestics, tobacco, naval stores, flour and other country produce [illegible] produce will be shipped [illegible] aug30-3m

[illegible]

THE [illegible] Railroad Company [illegible]

[illegible]

Oct 2-tf

[illegible]

Fredericksburg, Va.

NEWBERN ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. W. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN [illegible] SUGAR, ALSO [illegible] GROCERIES, DRY AND PROVISIONS, CRAVEN STREET, (BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOK,) Newbern, N. C.

Merchants and Traders sending orders to be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy 17-3m

HOUGH & CO.,

(*Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,*)

Corner South Front and Middle Streets, Newbern, N. C.

WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.

jy 14-6m

Leland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

—AND—

Cotton Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

BAGGING, ROPE, TWIN

AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR

Cotton Planters,

POLLOK STREET,

(*Near East Front St.,*)

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

Borland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

BAGS & BAGGING,

NO. 7 BEAVER STREET,

NEW YORK.

—:o:—

Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the above House, by

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,

POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS.

NEWBERN STEAM

COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADditions to their works and erected large Warehouses, are prepared with Gin Press, Bale and Store Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We would respectfully solicit their patronage.

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,
jy 14-tf Newbern, N. C.

H. J. MENNINGER

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

CORNER OF POLLOK AND MIDDLE STS.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

(The old stand of J. Gooding and I Disosway.)

y14-6m

JNO. KING, JNO. WHITELAW, WM. PEAY.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

KING, WHITELAW & CO.

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD FRIENDS and the citizens of the State generally, that having re-opened their

MARBLE AND STONE WORKS,

On the Burnt Block, at Maunder's old Stand, Fayetteville Street,

They are now prepared to furnish

MONUMENTS,
VAULTS,
HEAD STONES,
SLABS,
MARBLE MANTLES, &c.

Having associated with us one of *THE BEST CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY*, and from the arrangements we have made, we flatter ourselves that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices.

We are also prepared to furnish

WINDOW SILLS,
WINDOW CAPS,
DOOR STEPS, &c., &c.

And to contract for all kinds of

STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY.

KING, WHITELAW & Co.

REFER TO

[illegible]

A [illegible] STOCK AT THE [illegible] BOOKSTORE.

[illegible] 52 Fayetteville street.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD,

On and after Tuesday, June 20, 1865.

GOING NORTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh	5 00 A. M.
"	Mill Brook	5 26 "
"	Huntsville	5 46 "
"	Wake	6 13 "
"	Franklinton	7 06 "
"	Kittrell's	8 12 "
"	Henderson	8 53 "
"	Junction	9 30 "
"	Ridgeway	9 36 "
"	Warrenton	10 15 "
"	Macon	10 37 "
"	Littleton	11 20 "
"	Gaston	12 00 "
Arrive	Weldon	1 00 P. M.

GOING SOUTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Weldon	10 00 A. M.
"	Gaston	11 00
"	Littleton	12 45 P. M.
"	Macon	1 34
"	Warrenton	1 5[illegible]
"	Ridgeway	2 [illegible]
"	Junction	2 [illegible]
"	Henderson	3 [illegible]
"	Kittrell's	3 [illegible]
"	Franklinton	4 03
"	Wake	4 44
"	Huntsville	5 33
"	[illegible]	6 02
"	Mill Brook	6 21
Arrive	Raleigh	7 00 "

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug14-tf Superintendant.

THE BEST, MOST EXPEDITIOUS

AND

Most Comfortable

ROUTE

From Charlotte

TO THE

Northern Cities,

VIA

North Carolina Railroad,

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,

Petersburg & Weldon Railroad

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 3 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No trains on the Petersburg Rail Road on Sundays.

E. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
R. M. DUNLOP.
aug21-tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

*** Raleigh Standard Sentinel Recorder Salisbury Union Banner and Petersburg Express publish daily, Charlotte Democrat and Greensboro Patriot publish weekly, till forbid. A. J., Sup't R & G R. R.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD

[illegible]

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER [illegible] 1865, Trains will run daily [illegible] orders [illegible]

GOING WEST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	7 4[illegible]
"	Greensboro,	2 17 [illegible]
"	Salisbury,	6 [illegible]
Arrive	Charlotte,	[illegible]

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	6 00 A. M.
"	Greensboro,	12 0[illegible] M.
"	Salisbury,	5 [illegible]
Arrive	Charlotte	8 20

GOING EAST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	3.00 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	6 25
"	Greensboro,	10 15
Arrive	Raleigh,	4.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	5.25 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	9 00
"	Greensboro,	1.05 P. M.
Arrive	Raleigh,	7.30 "

MAIL TRAIN connects, east and west, with the Raleigh & Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte, 6 00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES,
aug18 tf Engineer and Sup't.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE PETERSBURG R. R. CO.,
Petersburg, Va., August 14, 1865

THE Petersburg Railroad Company are now prepared to transport Freight and Passengers to and from Petersburg, Va., to Gaston and Garysburg, N. C., and intermediate stations. Rates of Freight can be ascertained by application to any of the Company's Agents.

Outward Freight must be PREPAID, and inward freight can be PAID ON DELIVERY at the depot in Petersburg.

At Stations where the Company have no Warehouse, some one must be in readiness to receive shipments on arrival of trains, and at such places freight intended for shipment will only be received for transportation by the Company when the trains are ready to receive it, as the Company will only be responsible for such freight while on their trains.

ROB'T M. DUNLOP,
aug18-tf Superintendent.

R. B. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

Solicit consignments of COTTON, COTTON YARN and all kinds of Merchandise and Country Produce.

s[illegible]-6t

TELEGRAPHIC.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.

Interview between President Johnson and A. H. Stephens.

WASHINGTON, Oct 20.—Alexander H. Stephens, late Vice President of the late Confederacy and who is here by virtue of his parole, had a brief, but very gratifying interview with President Johnson to-day. He was accompanied by Judge Lochrane, of Georgia.

It is currently reported and believed here that the President this afternoon granted John Mitchell, the Irish patriot, but American secessionist, an unconditional pardon.

Much satisfaction is expressed here because of the repudiation of the rebel home debt by the North Carolina State Convention.

From Mobile.

NEW YORK Oct. 20.—The bark Anderson has arrived here from Mobile, with one passenger and three of the crew of the steamer Atlanta, which was wrecked on the 15th inst., on her passage from New Orleans to New York. It is supposed the remainder of the crew and passengers have perished.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Cotton dull at 59c. Flour dull and declined 5c. Wheat declined 3 to 5c. Corn unchanged.

Pork is heavy, Lard quiet; Whiskey firm at 32 cents.

Treasure Coming.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 18.—The steamer Golden City, with a thousand passengers and one million two hundred and forty four thousand dollars in treasure for New York, and four hundred and fourteen thousand from Central America and Panama, sailed to-day.

THE COMING TRIALS—FENIANS BLOWING ON EACH OTHER.—The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* says that the Government is delaying the trial of the men already arrested in order to let the public excitement subside and for another purpose—this:

"It is said that the numbers of the 'Brotherhood' *who have volunteered to 'split' are so large that the Crown officers are perplexed*, and know not how to make a selection between the various applicants. The moral effect of this baseness on the part of the informers will be useful hereafter, and may tend to induce others who may be tempted to join in secret confederations to distrust the knaves whose chief objects in all similar attempts are to accumulate subscriptions, and, after using them, to sell the blood of the subscribers."

TAMPERING WITH THE TEETH is madness. Avoid the corrosive dentifrices, submit to no scraping, use nothing but SOZODONT. Orient herbs are its ingredients. It preserves the enamel. It removes all impurities. It strengthens the gums. It deodorizes a tainted breath. It is harmless as water, and more valuable than its weight in gold.

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY

E. A. WHITAKER.

Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried. $1 25 per bushel,
" Green. $2 00 per bushel,
Bacon—Firm, sales at 30c per lb.
Beef—8c per lb.
Butter—50c per lb.
Cheese—40c. per lb.
Chickens—35 a 40c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—80c per bushel.
Eggs—20 a 25c per dozen.
Flour—superfine $13 per bbl.; Family $13.
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—10@12c per lb.
Lard—30c per lb
Meal—80c per bushel.
Mullets—$1 250
Mackerel—$20 per bbl.
Onions—$4 00 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $100, Stock 90 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 00 per bush.
" Sweet, new, 75c per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 35c per lb; Brown 25c.
Syrup—40c@50 per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 20c per pound.
Salt—$2 50 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.
Herrings—$4 per bbl.
Rice—15c per lb
Candles—Adamantine 40c lb per box.
Soap—Palmentine 20c per lb.
Brimstone—40c per lb.

MONEY AND STOCK MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS, BROKER.

Prices of North Carolina Bank Notes

Bank of North Carolina, 85; Bank of Cape Fear, 85; Bank of Charlotte, 25; Bank of Lexington, 25; Bank of Raleigh, 35; Bank of Wadesborough, 20; Bank of Thomasville, 20; Bank of Wilmington 20; Bank of Commerce, 20; Bank of Washington, 15; Bank of Fayetteville, 15; Bank of Clarendon 15; Bank of Yanceyville, 15; Miners' and Planters' Bank, 30; Farmer's Bank, Greensborough, 30; Commercial Bank, Wilmington, 15; Merchants' Bank, Newbern, 30; Greensborough Mutual, 15; Gold 140; Silver 135; Old Coupons, 37½; Rail Road Coupons, 40

ELECTION NOTICES.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE COL. BEDFORD BROWN a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States in the Fifth Congressional District, composed of the counties of Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsyth, Stokes, Surry, Person and Caswell. oct18td.

TO THE CITIZENS OF WAKE COUNTY. WM. G. BRIGGS respectfully announces himself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Wake County, in the approaching election, and asks the suffrages of his fellow-citizens. He begs his friends to rally to his support. He is in favor of W. W. Holden for Governor, and does not ask the votes of those who oppose him. oct20 td

CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS IN THE 4TH DISTRICT, composed of the following counties: Wake, Chatham, Orange, Granville, Franklin, Nash, Warren, and Johnston.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, to be held on Thursday the 9th of November.

I am a firm friend of the administration, of Andrew Johnson and W. W. Holden, and will cordially support the latter for election as governor by the people. If elected, I will do all in my power to restore North Carolina to the Union. Very respectfully,

oct19td JNO. P. H RUSS.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE COL. JOHN N. BUNTING as a candidate for Superior Court Clerk of Wake County.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND REQUESTED TO announce J. J. FERRELL as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Court Clerk of Wake County. oct19-td

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE MAJ. WILLIE D. JONES as a Candidate to represent Wake County in the State Senate, at the approaching election. oct18td

PROCLAMATION,

BY WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR,

TO THE

PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

WHEREAS, A CONVENTION OF THE PEOPLE of North Carolina has been chosen in pursuance of the proclamation of ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States of date May 29th, 1865 under the fourth section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of government, for the purpose of enabling the loyal people of said State to organize a State government, whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty and property; and for the purpose also of restoring said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal Government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantees of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection and domestic violence: And said Convention having assembled in the City of Raleigh and adopted Ordinaces hereinafter set forth, I, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor of said State, do hereby proclaim and declare that an election will be held in the various counties of said State on Thursday, the ninth day of November, 1865, as follows:

1st. For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of May the 20th, 1861."

2d For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina."

3d For a Governor and members of the General Assembly.

4th For seven members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States.

5th. For Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective counties.

"The elections shall be conducted in accordance with "An Ordinance providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly, to be convened on the fourth Monday of November, eighteen hundred and sixty five, and for electing Representatives in Congress and Governor of the State," ratified by the Convention the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and hereinafter set forth; said Ordinance having been passed in pursuance of the proclamation of the President of the United States, of date May 29th, 1865, authorizing said Convention to "prescribe the qualifications of electors, and the eligibility of persons to hold office under the constitution and laws of the State." And also, in conformity with the rules and regulations prescribed by the laws of this State concerning said elections, in force previous to the 20th day of May, 1861.

The people of the State are respectfully urged to maintain order among themselves at the election, and to discountenance appeals, the tendency of which may be to produce ill-feeling and alienation towards the Federal Government. The policy of the government has been liberal and generous towards North Carolina, and no pains should be spared to secure a continuance of this policy.

And the officers in the various counties, appointed by the Provisional Governor, are enjoined to exert themselves to preserve the peace among the people on the day of the election; to act with justice and firmness in all matters that may claim their attention; to see that those entitled to vote are protected in their right of suffrage, and that every manifestation, if such manifestation there should be, of hostility to the Federal Government, is promptly rebuked and repressed.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth.

W. W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor.
By the Governor: W. R. RICHARDSON, Private Sec.

AN ORDINANCE

To give publicity to the Ordinance ordering Elections on the 2nd Thursday in November next:

Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained, That the Provisional Governor be empowered and requested to take such steps as in his judgment may be necessary to make known to the people of North Carolina the ordinances ordering elections, on the 2nd Thursday of November, 1865 [Read three times, and ratified in Convention the 12th day of October, A. D 1865.]

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Declaring null and void the ordinance of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one:

Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That the ordinance of the Convention of the State of North Carolina, ratified on the twenty-first day of November, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, which adopted and ratified the Constitution of the United States, and also all acts and parts of acts of the General Assembly, ratifying and adopting amendments to the said Constitution, are now and at all times since the adoption and ratification thereof, have been in full force and effect; notwithstanding the supposed ordinance of the twentieth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, declaring that the same be repealed, rescinded and abrogated; and the said supposed ordinance is now and at all times hath been null and void. (Ratified in Convention, this seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary,

AN ORDINANCE

Prohibiting Slavery in the State of North Carolina:

Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That Slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than for crimes, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be and is hereby forever prohibited within the State.

(Ratified in Convention, this Ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

EDWIN G READE, President.
JAS. H MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Submitting to the qualified voters of the State, the ratification or rejection of certain ordinances:

Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of North Carolina, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That on the second Thursday of November next, shall be submitted to the voters of the State qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons, for their ratification or rejection, the Ordinance passed by this Convention, entitled "an Ordinance declaring null and void the Ordinance of May the 20th, 1861," and such persons as shall favor the ratification, shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket in the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, Rejected." Also at the same time shall be submitted for their ratification or rejection an Ordinance passed by the Convention, entitled "an Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina," and those who favor a ratification of the same shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti Slavery Ordinance Ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket with the words "Anti Slavery Ordinance, Rejected."

Be it further ordained, That the Sheriffs or other Officers who may ascertain the result of the polls in each County, shall transmit the same to the Provisional Governor, who is hereby empowered and requested to cause the number of votes each way to be ascertained and proclaimed through as many as three newspapers published in different parts of the State.

Be it further ordained, That, if ratified, thenceforth and Ordinances shall be the laws of the land, and that abolishing slavery shall become a part of the Constitution of the State. [Read three times and ratified in Convention, October 17, A. D., 1865.]

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly to be convened on the third Monday of November, 1865, and for electing Representatives in Congress, and Governor of the State:

Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That a General Assembly of the State shall be convened on the fourth Monday of November, 1865, the members whereof shall hold their places till the next election of such members, which shall be held on the first Thursday of August, 1866.

Be it further ordained, That the Provisional Governor is hereby authorized and requested to issue forthwith to the sheriff of each County, a writ directing that an election be held for the Senators and members of the House of Commons of such General Assembly, on the second Thursday of November next, under the rules, regulations and provisions of chapter 53 of the Revised Code.

Be it further ordained, That immediately on the receipt of the writ, each Sheriff aforesaid summon the Justices of the Peace of the County of Pitt, and Quarter Sessions, to assemble at the court house on day appointed by him, which shall be as early as practicable; and they or so many as may assemble, shall appoint inspectors for each place of election, who shall be forthwith notified of their appointment by the Sheriff, and they shall conduct the elections and make returns of the polls in the manner prescribed in said chapter.

Be it further ordained, That each member and voter shall be qualified according to the now existing constitution of the State. *Provided, however*, That no one shall be eligible to a seat or be capable of voting, who being free in all respects, shall not before the twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, either have voluntarily taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Lincoln, with the purpose to suppress the insurrection and restore the authority of the United States, and thenceforward shall have observed the same or shall not have taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Johnson bearing date twenty-ninth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and who moreover, shall not in either case be of those who are excepted from the Amnesty granted by any of the said proclamations, unless pardoned: *but provided also*, That all persons who may have preferred petitions for pardon shall be deemed to have been pardoned if the fact of being pardoned, shall be announced by the Governor, although the pardon may not have been received; *and provided also*, that the payment of a public tax shall not be required as a qualification of the voter in the elections in November next.

Be it further ordained, That for the purpose of ascertaining the qualifications of persons proposing to vote, the inspectors may and it shall be their duty whenever the vote may be challenged, or they shall have cause to suspect that he is not duly qualified, examine him and others on oath touching the question.

Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, elections shall be held for seven Representatives in the Congress of the United States, in pursuance of chapter sixty nine of the Revised Code, which shall be conducted under the rules and regulations therein prescribed for such elections and the voters in said elections shall be such only as shall be qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons and the Provisional Governor shall give the certificate required by the ninth section of said chapter.

Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, an election shall be held for a Governor of the State, under the same rules and regulations prescribed in chapter fifty-three of the Revised Code, and the persons qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons under the ordinance, shall be qualified to vote for Governor.

Be it further ordained, That no person shall be eligible as Governor unless he shall be qualified according to the Constitution of the State and also shall be capable under the provisions of this ordinance of voting for members of the General Assembly.

Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall take his seat so soon as the authority of the Provisional Governor shall cease, either before the first day of January eighteen hundred and sixty six or afterwards, before the first day of January eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall continue in office till the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it further ordained, That it shall be in the power of the General Assembly to modify so much of this ordinance as relates to the provisions for electing a Governor and his term of office. [Ratified in Convention this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.]

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

To divide North Carolina into seven Congressional Districts:

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That, for the purpose of electing representatives in the Congress of the United States, the State shall be divided into seven districts, as follows: The first district shall be composed of the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimmons, Gates, Chowan, Hartford, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde and Beaufort. The second district of the counties of Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Green, Edgecombe, Wilson, Onslow, Carteret, Duplin and New Hanover. The third district of the counties of Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Harnett, Moore, Montgomery, Anson and Stanly. The fourth district of the counties of Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Orange, Nash, Johnston and Chatham. The fifth district of the counties of Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsythe, Stokes, Surry, Person and Caswell. The sixth district of the counties of Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes and Alexander. The seventh district of the counties of Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleaveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee and Clay, each of which districts shall be entitled to elect one Representative in the Congress of the United States.

SECTION 2. The election for Representatives in Congress shall be held and conducted, in every respect, in conformity with the rules and regulations and restrictions, as set forth and prescribed in the Sixty-Ninth Chapter of the Revised Code, except that the polls shall be compared in the first district at the Court-House in the county of Chowan; in the second district, at the Court House in the county of Lenoir; in the third district, at the Court House in the county of Cumberland; in the fourth district, at the Court House in the county of Wake; in the fifth district, at the Court House in the county of Guilford, in the sixth district, at the Court House in the county of Iredell; in the seventh district, at the Court-House in the county of Buncombe. [Read three times and Ratified in Convention, the —— day of October, 1865.] EDWIN G. READE, President.

JAMES H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

For the election of Clerks and Sheriffs

Be it ordained by the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same, That an election be held for Sheriffs and County and Superior Court Clerks on the same day and at the same time and places, that the election for members of the General Assembly shall take place, and in the same manner as heretofore prescribed for the election of such officers: *Provided* that all persons qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons shall be qualified to vote for these officers.

SEC 2. *Be it further ordained*, That said officers shall have all the qualifications heretofore required.

SEC. 3. *Be it further ordained*, That they shall enter on the duties of their office as soon as the Provisional Government expires, and hold said offices until further provided for by the General Assembly. [Read three times and ratified in Convention the 12th day of October, A. D., 1865.]

E. G READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for the election of two members of the House of Commons from the county of Cumberland, and one from the county of Harnett.

Be it ordained by the Delegates of the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That until otherwise provided by law, the county of Cumberland shall elect two members to the House of Commons, and the county of Harnett one member, the elections to be held in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by law for the election of members to the House of Commons; *Provided* that nothing in this ordinance shall change the representation of the two counties in the Senate, but they shall vote together for one Senator until the next apportionment of Senatorial Districts. [Ratified in Convention this 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.]

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAMES H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.
Oct 19-tde

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

WE BUY AND SELL GOLD, SILVER, BANK Notes, Bonds and Coupons. Deposits received. Collections made. JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.
oct12 1m.

NOTICE.—Will be sold at public auction, on Saturday next, a large stock of

GROCERIES,

at Johnson's Grocery Store, on Market Square. The attention of small and large dealers is invited to this opportunity to make desirable purchases.
oct19 td

HOUSE WANTED.—For the coming year, with about five or six rooms. Enquire at this office.

DRY GOODS.

S. Blagge & Co.,
BRICK BLOCK,
CRAVEN STREET,
NEWBERN, N. C.,
Dealer in W. I Goods Groceries, Provisions, Crockery,
And General Merchandise;
Also Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS AND SEGARS.

N. B.—ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEGRAPH, MAIL OR EXPRESS, WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Blagge & Soper,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 2, INDIA STREET,
BOSTON, MASS.
Liberal advances made on consignments of
COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.
Consignments made through S. BLAGGE & CO., of Newbern, N. C., will be forwarded free of charge.
oct 19-1m

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
(Old stand of S. H. YOUNG,)
Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Dry Goods,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
Groceries, &c., &c.
We have in store a large stock of
FINE LIQUORS,
which we offer to dealers by the
BARREL, CASK OR CASE,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
oct 17-tld

Mr. Editor:—THE FOLLOWING IS

STRANGE BUT TRUE.

'Twas late last night that I was sitting, in my chamber, lonely, knitting,
Knitting on the same old stocking, I'd commenced before the war;
Knitting carefully, I was heeling—when methought I heard one stealing,
Stealing softly up the stairway, leading to my chamber door.

This I thought, and listened more.

Soon I heard a gentle knocking—hastily I dropped my stocking;
Dropped my knitting—the old stocking I commenced before the war.
Again, and louder, came the rapping—as tho' they thought that I was napping,
Me a napping? Knitting, napping? Me who never—"Ope the door."

This the voice said—"Ope the door!!"

"'Tis Sally's voice"—says I—"'tis Sally, and I know she's got some news,
And I'm powerful glad she's come too, for I most did have the blues.
"Sally," says I, "Sally, howdye?" "What's the news? Do have a chair?"
"Glorious news, my Peggy darling—glorious news from Market Square,"

"From Shepherd's Store in Market Square."

At Shepherd's Store, they've got new shoes—such bran new, laced up, tasseled beauties.
Morocco, kid, and patent leather—Congress gaiters, toe-tipped bootees.
Balmoral, Prunello and Creole. Mens and womens, boys and girls;
Such a sight it is to behold—they're the cheapest in the world.

The very cheapest in the world.

And Peggy, dear, they've got new hats—military and civilian.
All the style of Frenchy fashion—a la Emp'reur Maximilian.
And I told my husband, Johnny, "throw aside that rusty beaver"
"Go to Shepherd's—market square—get a hat you gay deceiver,

Get a hat, and burn your beaver."

Well, Peg—John went to market square—he's just got back—rigged up so gay,
A bran new suit from top to toe—and cheap as dirt, for ready pay:
And I advise you, Peggy darling—to give what cash you've got to spare,
To your dear Bobby in the morning—and send him straight to Market Square"

To Shepherd's Store, in Market Square.

"I'll do it, Sally dear"—says I—I'll send Bob early in the morn,
I'll send him straight to Shepherd's Store—I will as sure as I am born,
Good bye, dear Sally! Must you go? Yes—good-bye, Peggy—now take care,
Be sure that Bob finds the right place—'tis SHEPHERD'S STORE, at Market Square.

Shepherd's Store, in Market Square.

We have a fine assortment of Ready-made Clothing—Boots and Shoes—Hats, &c., which we will sell at very low prices.

CHARLES A. SHEPHERD,
Sept. 25-tf Market Square, Raleigh.

HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS AND LARD.

5 THOUSAND—1,000 LBS. CHOICE SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
10 Cases—5 000 lbs. Prime Shoulders,
4 Cases—1,600 lbs very nice Bacon Sides, recommended.
3 Cases—36 Pails, Prime and Sweet White Lard.
25 Kegs " do do
10 Half Barrels " do do
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
oct11-tf

300 KEGS CUT NAILS, 4's to 20's.
10 " Horse Shoe
25 Boxes—500 lbs. Horse Shoe Nails,
12 do Spades,
25 " Cast Steel Axes,
In Store and for sale by
oct11-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

DIAMONDS WANTED. The highest market prices for Diamonds.
oct 17-tf P. BABCOCK.

GLUE! GLUE!! GLUE!!!
FROM 12 to 20 cents per pound. Sold by
aug26-tf [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

HORACE M. BARR
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHA
AND
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Provisions, Groceries
AND
GENERAL MERCHANDI
—:o:—
COTTON, NAVAL STORES & OTHER PRODUC
Received on consignment for sale in New York,
Or Bought for Cas
—:o:—
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCE
MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO
ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YO
—:o:—
SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YO
Bought and Sold.
—:o:—
AGENT FOR THE
NEW YORK AND WILMINGTO
Line Steamships
Commander
AND
Starlight
aug10-6m

BURNING OF THE MUSEUM!
LETTER FROM MR. P. T. BARNUM!

NEW YORK, *July 14*, 186

Messrs. Herring & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—Though the destruction of the Amer Museum has proved a serious loss to myself and the pu lic, I am happy to verify the old adage that "It's a ill wind that blows nobody good," and, consequently, c gratulate you that your well known safes have b demonstrated their superior fire-proof qualities in ordeal of unusual severity.

The safe you made for me some time ago was in office of the Museum, on the second floor, back pa the building, and in the hottest of the fire.

After twenty four hours of trial it was found a the debris, and on opening it this day has yielded up contents in very good order—books, papers, polic insurance, bank bills, all in condition for immediate and a noble commentary on the trustworthiness Herring's Fire-Proof Safes.

Truly yours,
P. T. BARNUM.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFE
The most reliable protection from fire now known
HERRING & Co's PATENT BANKER'S SAFES, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron, the best secu against a burglar's drill ever manufactured
HERRING & CO.
No. 251, Broadway, cor. Murray St., New Y
FARRELL, HERRING & CO, Philadelphia
HERRING & CO, Chicago.
oct11-3m

WHISKEY, BRANDY, WINE, &c., &c.

WE ARE RECEIVING, TO DAY, THE FO Loing choice Wines and Liquors, to which we in the attention of Families, Druggists, and all wishi genuine article.

50	Cases	Old Bourbon Whiskey,	
30	do	Monongahela do	
10	do	Old Rye do	
5	do	Old Kiser do	
5	do	Premium do	
5	do	Salt River do	
5	do	Star do	
5	do	Scotch do	
10	do	Superior Cognac Brandy,	
10	do	Otard and Dupuy do 1848, very	
5	do	V. O. P do	
5	do	Peach do	
5	do	Blackberry do	
5	do	Old Apple do	
5	do	Crown Sherry Wine,	
5	do	Duff Gordon do	
5	do	Burgundy Port do	
5	do	Fine Old Port do	
5	do	Fine Old Madera do	
5	do	Swan Gin,	
5	do	Clover Leaf Gin,	
10	do	Holland Gin,	
5	do	Jamaica Rum,	
5	do	St. Croix,	
2	do	Burgundy Bitters,	
2	do	Stoughton's do	
6	doz	Allsopp's Pale Ale,	
50	baskets	Champaign, various brands,	
10,000		Cuba Segars, consisting of La Flor and La Riticas Conchas, La Flora dia and La Chica brands.	

oct14 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & C

WANTED

A GOOD, SMART COLORED WOMAN THAT derstands Cooking and Washing, will find a situation by applying immediately at McKIM STORE, Fayetteville Street.
oct16-tf

A SMART BOY WANTED.

WE WANT A FREEDMAN, QUICK INT gent, and acquainted in the city, as Porter. Apply at FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE 58 Fayetteville st
oct12tf

REVENUE STAMPS.—The Raleigh National Bank having been appointed agent for sale of Revenue Stamps, is now prepared to furnish in any quantity that may be required
oct26-3p W R GULICK, Cash

MASONIC.—THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS Representatives of the Grand Lodge of free pted Masons of North Carolina will meet in di be Monday evening, the fourth of December next o'clock, for the transaction of business.

The officers of the subordinate Lodges are requ attend in person, or cause proper delegates to be ap of in obedience to the constitution and general re ulations of the Grand Lodge. WM. T. BAIN, Grand Secret
oct18nwtd